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老點傳師賜導

謹言慎行

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一則社會新聞,多年不見的好友在路上偶然會面,相見歡一起到路邊小吃店痛飲,吃店痛飲, 酒酣耳熱之際,談到了以前的天馬行空往事,其中一位不經意說出另一位以往的糗事,人 越說越數,就大打出手,其中一人拿了桌上 的酒瓶往另一人頭上打下去,結果將這位朋友 打死了。本來朋友是相見歡,最後卻以悲劇收 場,令人不勝唏嘘。

古人說:「言者心之音,行者心之影。」就 是說言語可以表達出一個人內心的心聲,而行 為可以反應出一個人內在的心影。今日人類的 生活世界是活在視訊快速混雜且多變化當中, 每天我們從四面八方網路收到遙遠千里之外的 新聞和資訊,無論在政治上或經濟上或八卦新 聞,每件事情每人的觀點不見得相似,就算是 一家人,父母與子女對同一件事的看法也未必 會相同,除了尊重個人的發言權外,我們中華 文化中倫理道德首重「口德」,道場中看到張 老前人及前人輩的宗風,是隱惡揚善、謹言慎 行。孔子是一代聖人,他一直秉著有教無類的 精神傳道,三千弟子追隨他周遊列國,處處一 代宗師的風範,一言一行皆是平常之道,但學 生所見到老師的言與行,時時合乎中庸之道不 越矩,「庸德之行,庸言之謹,有所不足,不 敢不勉,有余不敢盡; | 縱使聰明勝過孔明, 一個人作假也只能在短暫之時,無法在長時間 而不被識破。一個修道的白陽修士,院長大人 及諸天仙佛無時無處都在觀察、考核每個人的 言行舉止,是不是做到言顧行,行顧言,君子 胡不慥慥爾!

病從口入,禍從口出。往往自己內在有什麼樣的存心,外在就會有什麼樣的言行。相對的,如果沒有這樣的存心,自然也不會有這樣的言行。因此,外在所言、所行的一切,可以真實、自然地反應出內在心性的一切。所以個人的一言一行,就代表著現在真實的你,故古

人說:人之視己,如見其肺肝然。四書《大 學》:而道是不可須臾離的。加上天不言、地 不語,道的尊貴,是要在修道人身上顯現出來 的。如此,我們怎麼可以不謹慎小心自己的言 語行為,而不尊敬自家的仙佛呢?何况天有天 律,國有國法,佛堂也有應守的佛規,若說話 不小心,做事不小心,任意造下口過、罪過, 到頭不但傷害別人,最後受害的還是自己。因 為上天對每一位眾生都是公平的,都是大公無 私的,都是「寸功不昧,纖過必察」的。那麼 在因緣果報的鐵律中,又如何能犯了過錯而不 受天律的懲罰呢?所以說話不可以以言傷人, 以言敗德,更不可以以言而誤事!當以言利 人、以言興德,以言成事!尤其修道人更應當 口出真理,只論聖事,不說是非,不造口過, 口無雜言,斷諸嬉笑,這才是真正的謹言。而 慎行也是一樣,修道不僅是在佛堂,在家裡, 在工作崗位上,即使是在路上行走,也代表道 的顯現,不僅要言行合一,身立標杆,更當以 身行道,代天宣化,處處以天心為心,事事以 眾生為念,時時戰戰兢兢,謹慎自持,心存嚴 謹,身自少過,如此「言滿天下無口過,行滿 天下無怨惡」才是一名真正代天宣化的人,才 是一位真正立身行道的人。

天緣佛堂

陳佩芳

家母吳玉萍在心得報告與各位同修共勉她的經 歷及看法:佛是否存在?年中參加進香團隨隊上千佛 城,如期出發,經過兩個鐘,途中小憩,讓大家上洗 手間。其中有一位居士負責收集團員以及其他善信的 香油款項,以備到每一廟宇捐獻之用,數目可觀的存 放在一個皮包內。當車子再度啟行大概一個鐘之後, 居士方才發覺隨身的皮包遺留在洗手間,即要求司機 回頭走,花上了雙倍時間抵達原處,奈何皮包已不 見,只好留下聯絡地址及電話,只望可以尋回身份證 件,至於金錢方面想必凶多吉少。大約一週之後接獲 來電告知,件物已找回來了,並且會郵遞回失主。果 然不出三天物歸原主。皮包內赫然原封不動的完壁歸 趙。大家想一想在這西方國家,路不拾遺的美德幾乎 稀少,不枉我們齊心多次赊《心經》迴向善心人士。 家母因此事領悟佛學的真理,確切佛是存在的,只要 我們對佛有徹底信念,人自然會生慈悲心,改「惡」 向「善」。我們其實皆是凡人,難以做到無我的境 界,但如有修道之人,經過長年累用來佛堂參班聽 「道」,都知道凡事皆盡不如人意,但求能做到無愧 於心;對得住天地良心即可。劫難每個人都會遇到, 人生得、失都應坦然面對。只要有信仰,經過一段時 間修煉心性,心平氣靜,處處就會結「善」緣、遇貴 人,把每個劫難、失敗、失物、失意都會化險為夷的 安然地渡過。

世上無難事,只怕有心人,只要有心人修道也不 例外。唯有用心去修,就會咀嚼到「道」當中的精 粹。一段日子下來,青出於藍而勝於藍,所謂學無前 後,覺者為師。農曆十月十五日余月華講師的課題 「齋莊中正」,勉勵同修們要發慈悲心,力行道之宗 旨:闡發五教聖人之奧旨,恪遵四維綱常之古禮,洗 心滌濾,借假修真,化人心為良善,冀世界為大同。 齋莊中正意思是舉止要端莊,心正而沒邪念,樸素而 有禮貌、出言要恭敬謙虚,一言九鼎,言出必行,意 志要堅定,抱著道的信仰時刻反省,清靜自己雜亂的 心。人天生就愛美、愛享受,就因這三毒的「貪、 嗔、痴」牽引著我們的心難以平定。人自性也愛聽好 聽的話,反正勸他改過向善的忠告,就像苦水一樣, 如果再多言勸勉,有時連朋友也沒得做。朋友們,要 記得良藥苦口啊!人天性就愛吃美味香口的食物, 不管有害身心也懶得去理它,最後就吃壞了身體。朋 友們,還是吃素的好啊!人天生就喜歡打扮,以為穿 得美,在人群中受到美言幾句,就自以為是高高在 上。其實心不美、愛撒謊、打妄語,這就是偽君子的 假面具,又怎能稱得上齋莊中正呢?「齋」字的一點 一撇都表示我們求道時,點傳師把我們玄關打開,亦 表示向老中接金線,點傳師把我們的正門打開,也代 表我們對老中表明心態,好好修心養性。「莊」意思

是莊嚴,舉止要端莊樸素老實,甚至不須要彩衣抹粉 也顯得高雅大方。「中」是當點傳師在我們兩眼中 間,一點把我們的玄關打開,表示當我們歸空時可直 通理天,所以求道後必須持用三寶,謹守玄關,仙佛 就會庇佑我們,讓我們的心常保持平靜來思考,安然 渡過每個劫難。「正」是五行配搭合為正字,所以正 又名五行,五行分為五個字:仁、義、禮、智、信。 「仁」字意味仁愛、仁慈。古時有名鳴鳳,他為了搶 救村民,不惜犧牲自己的性命,他捨身為人的義行, 因而名留於世。求道亦講求要有仁愛及側隱之心,去 待己待人。「義」表示義氣,傚仿關聖帝君的史跡, 捨身取義。「禮」對人要持有禮貌,做人要懂禮節, 對道親要有禮儀,來佛堂要守佛規禮節,有如孔子 曰:「敬神靈,天地,孝父母,和鄉親等。」「智」 是智慧的意思。當得分辨是非,深明大義,不可因利 益而蒙蔽是非對錯,要堅信「道」的可貴,堅持自己 的信仰,從一而終絕,不可以一心二用、猶疑不決的 拿不定主意。「信」要有信用、有誠信,絕不可以假 仁、假義,做一些違背良心的事,而遺憾終身,或用 藉口來諸多推塘,從不落實自己所講的話。因此懇請 大家多來佛堂參班聽道,謹記聖言之訓,持唸「三 寶」,明白「施」比「受」更好。用智慧找回「真 我」,認理歸真。渡人成全,學會「放下」、「看 開」和「不計較」之德行,當我們「心」一清靜,就 會生「智慧心」,但是說是容易,做時難。只要「盡 人事、聽天命」一切都自有安排,老中會時刻保佑我 們的。

恭請點傳師賜導、分析「敬田、恩田、悲田、福 田」不同的定義: (一)「敬田」是敬佛、法、僧, 「一貫道」講求守玄關、抱合同、持赊無字真經,對 佛、真理及修道人都要有同樣尊敬之心。所以每當我 們來到佛堂,都要行參駕辭駕之禮和禮拜諸天仙佛, 並且還要修「口徳」,尊敬前輩同修們。(二)「恩 田」是孝敬父母及師長,做一個飲水思源的人,如果 沒有父母給我們性命,把我們撫養和教育,如果沒有 父母恩重如山的培育,請問那有今天的我們呢?不但 如此,我們應該懂得感謝「師長」對我們的栽培和 提拔。同修亦可稱為「師」,蓋云:三人行必有我 師,所以不可自大及驕傲,有時還要聽同修的忠告。 (三)「悲田」是憐憫病苦中之人,長年累用深受病 魔折磨,幸好美國政府社會有悲天憫人之心,對一些 貧苦病痛的人們無微不至的照顧,有時候想想那些生 活在多災多難的世界裡面的人,是多麼可憐。很幸運 的,我們還有好的體力和環境之下修道,就得快去 修。(四)「福田」是「敬田、恩田、悲田」三田俱 全。「修道」是無形的,因果是有存在的,善、惡到 頭終有報,不是不報,只因為時辰還沒到而已!

冬季聯合開班

呂柏欣

光陰似箭,今天十一月二十三日是二00八年冬季聯合開班。

首先恭請楊老點傳師開班賜導。大家很高興見 到楊老點傳師精神奕奕回到講台上,語重心長的賜 予金玉良言,鼓勵大家務必要珍惜時間,把握當 下,見到有緣人就帶他們回佛堂求道,白陽弟子應 盡心盡力度人成全,好好修道,做一個正人君子。

其次,是英文班同修心得報告:由英文班林信 价講師來報告「如何讓道融入主流社會」:英文班 是用網路連線與各地一起開班的。首先他要感謝印 第安那州的壇主Bill Bunting。由於早期他們是用雅 虎連線,效果雖好,但要加多一條線去連結西雅圖 就出了障礙。Bill就發心尋求更好的網路系統,於 是就改用了另一個專業軟體。經過Bill多次與對方 談判,現在可用二十五條線同時開班,Bill Bunting 壇主愿力很大,堅持要發心這二十五條線連線的費 用。恆久以來,大家皆認同:「道」要融入主流社 會,一定要國際化、全球化,經過群策群力,目前 開班不僅是南、北加州、華盛頓州; 東部的紐約, 佛羅里達州;中部的田納西州、密西根州,印第安 那州;加拿大;甚至歐洲的英國、挪威……等等都 有道親及對道有興趣的人,在每週日同步開班。至 於澳洲和亞洲地區,則因為時差關係,所以還沒有 連線。

另外「道」要融入主流社會,首要是英文發 音得建立正確的基礎與增加了解,以便解決當外 國人遇到問題時候,我們可以回答。例如:TAO唸 「道」不唸「掏」,這種拼音是用古老的威妥瑪羅 馬拼音:就是Thomas Fancis Wade,他當時因為發 現中國方言很多,他要保留(D、G、J、B)的發 音,以便日後採用,所以「T」:「T'」加一撇在 右角上是原音「T」:掏、桃、討、套。而「T」 就要發D音了:刀、島、到、盜、道。「K'」發 音「K」:寬、款。「K」唸「G」音:關、觀、 館、灌、貫。「CH'」唸「CH」:青、情、請。「CH」唸「J」:京、井、景、敬、經。例如: 「I-Kuan Tao」用英文唸是「一貫道」,而不是「哀 礦套」。「Tao Te Ching」用英文唸是「道德經」, 而不是「套特清」。還有在翻譯方面如果真的找不 到確切的英文字彙,那就建議直接用中文發音較為 妥善。尤其「師母」不應用「Great Mistress」,而 應該用「Shi Mu」就好;大同:「Great Unity」。 「叩首」用「Ko Sho」。當解釋「五教」的時候, 不宜以狹窄的數字來解釋「五」。五教是指所有教 人向善的宗教,因為世界宗教不只五個,若指世 界上最大的五教,應該包括印度教,而且五教裡 的儒家不是宗教。如果我們把「五教」翻譯成Five Religions就顯得我們缺乏世界觀。接下來是印第安 那州的Bill壇主在連線上講「相反的角度來看逆向思 考」。(本刊將另專文詳述)

第三個節目是兒童班的小朋友表演:由所屬該 班學員全體排列出場。最先他們朗誦唐詩五首:春 晓、下江陵、登樂遊原、相思、蘆花,中規中矩, 值得嘉許。繼之是由小朋友來背誦《佛規十五條》 之前六條。接著是連著好幾周緊鑼密鼓排練的重頭 戲,表演李鐵拐大仙話劇。故事如下:隋朝年代的 李玄去華山求道,幸得太上老君的指點學法術。某 日,太上老君託夢給他,約他十天後華山相見。李 玄應允後,當天穿戴整齊,吩咐弟子楊仁好好看管 其肉身,並許諾七天之後會回來。於是李玄真魂出 殼,肉身僵直躺下。由弟子謹慎守護著。直至第六 天,楊仁得鄰居告知其母已病危,必須立即回家見 母親最後一面,內心焦灼的楊仁,在猶疑不決之 下,聽信鄰居唯一的建議:「神仙最講究靈魂升 天, 軀殼可以不要。」就將師父的肉身焚化, 方便 回家見母親。但為時已晚,其母以逝世。到了第七 天,李玄隨太上老君遊遍三十六洞天,真魂準時 回到道觀,發現自己的肉身已成灰燼。致而掐指一 算,算出了楊仁之母病故了。心忖弟子為了自己去 神遊而不能盡孝。有意要去助其母起死回生。此 時,李玄的師兄文始真人專程前來,俾令李玄借屍 還魂。然而替身卻是一個蓬頭垢面,而且是一條腿 短一條腿長的乞丐,因為此人對李玄前世有救命之 恩,所以今世報答他的恩情,附在他身上,延續其 生命。這就是位列仙班的鐵拐李。感謝小朋友的表 演,大家才明瞭李大仙形像始末的典故。

最後,青年班大朋友們表演三幕「三世因果」 的話劇。此故事是說及「禍福無門,惟人自召,善 惡之報,如影隨形。」即使昆蟲草木,猶不可傷。

第一幕:「蚯蚓報時,惡人害命。」話說有一座寺院,東廂的地下有一條蚯蚓每於五更時分自然鳴叫,有助眾僧佛準時起床,禮佛誦經做早課,而西廂的眾僧每月都慢了一步,故此常被責罵。屢遭報時之後,於是西廂一名心懷不善之徒,燒了一鍋熱水,灌入了土洞燙死了蚯蚓。

第二幕:「人猴爭供,樵夫害命。」蚯蚓死後,蒙師父超度,轉世為人:賣柴為生的樵夫;那名燙死蚯蚓的惡徒犯了殺生罪,福報消盡轉世為

猴,靈敏非常。山中有一破廟,樵夫每日砍柴必 採花供佛,靈猴亦是如此。佛前置有花瓶,猴子 每每把樵夫供的花棄之,改換上自己的花供佛。 終於讓樵夫發現是猴子的惡作劇,就拼命追打 牠,猴子逃避躲入山洞去,樵夫狠心搬石頭把洞 口密封,結果,猴子被活活餓死。

 矣!」武帝聞之領悟,欣然自盡。留偈如下: 「是我當初不知因,本是如影隨人行。爾今圍城 取我命,吾願台城了前因。」

此劇由青年班朋友們負責,非常用心演出, 他們還借來了皇帝的皇冠及龍袍,大將軍的戰袍 等,加上林達雄講師的精心電腦制作佈景,加上 配樂,聽覺、視覺上,令人耳目一新,予演出更 臻成功。

恭請陳點傳師結班賜導。讚頌各班學員都做得很出色,很有進步,值得欣慰鼓舞,更稱讚一群幕後英雄:即各班帶班學長,發揮其領導精神,費盡心思選擇劇本,同時排練再排練,才有今天的成就,希望大家再接再勵,努力不懈的作育英才,期待大家力求精進。

Tao Class Progress

陳柏瑋

By Allen Chen 6th Grader

On November 23, 2008, the temple held a joint class. We have two joint classes per year. The point of having joint classes is to see what each class is learning right now.

The kid's class recited the Tang Dynasty poems and 15 disciplines, and also performed a stage play. The 15 disciplines let the kids know the basic manner in the temple. The stage play they performed was about Buddha Lee Tien-Guang telling his apprentice that his soul was going to visit another Buddha for seven days and that his apprentice was to guard his body. Six days later the apprentice's neighbor came with bad news that the apprentice's mother was very ill and wanted to see him one last time. The apprentice chose to burn his master's body and went home to see his mother. When Buddha Lee Tien-Guang's soul went back to the temple seven days later, he couldn't find his body to use. Later he found a different body as his new body. I learned from this story was that the same spirit can use a different body to live and that the soul never dies.

Next, the children's sutra class recited the Filial Piety and we performed a Tao Song. We started the Filial Piety from the chapter 11 to the chapter 18. We also wore the Number One Scholar Hats to show that we finished studying Filial Piety. From this Filial Piety I learned how to be a loving son and learn to respect elders. The Tao song we sang was called "Great Unity" which means the ideal world should have peace, freedom, equality, and justice.

After that the youth class performed a skit about three generation's karma stories. They performed it to show that if you do something bad to someone in this life you will get the same punishment in your next life and it is like cycle that never ends until one admits his fault. In the first generation, the main characters were a worm and a

monk. In the beginning, the worm always woke up the other monks in the morning to pray. The monk that woke up late was very angry because he always got scolded by his master, so one day when the worm was underground sleeping, the monk poured hot water on the worm so it drowned and died.

Then in the second generation, the worm became a woodcutter and the monk became a monkey. Many times, the woodcutter went to a small shrine to pray, and left flowers as a sign of respect to the Buddha, but when he came back the flowers were often thrown aside and replaced by different flowers. After a while he finally found out that it was the monkey. The woodcutter was so angry that he chased the monkey into a cave. He took a gigantic rock and then slammed it at the entrance trapping the monkey inside the cave. Since the monkey was trapped with no food, the monkey slowly starved to death.

In the last generation, the monkey became a king and the woodcutter became a general that worked for the king's enemies. One time when the king went up to the mountains to learn Tao, his enemies surrounded him and was going to kill him, but when he was going to fight back, a Master said that this was karma and he owed the general his life. When the king heard that, he died because of hunger. They performed this skit to let everyone know that karma shows if there is a cause there is an effect.

When the joint class was over I thought it was great, because every class's performance was spectacular. I could tell every class tried their best to show every Tao member what they learned since every class was so good! I wonder what every class is going to perform next time.

美國全真道院2009年行事曆

| 日期 2009 | 星期 | 活 動 名 稱 | 負責人 |
|----------------|-----|--------------------|----------|
| 1/9 | 五 | 忠恕學院美國全真分部開班 | 陳點傳師 |
| 1/25 | 日 | 到各壇請壇及燒香 | 陳、辜、郭點傳師 |
| 1/25 | 日 | 除夕夜老祖師接盤 | 黃明雲 |
| 2/1 | 日 | 正月初七新春團拜聯合辦道 | 陳淑敏、溫潔芳 |
| 3/29 | 日 | 聯合開班 | 吳鑌娟 |
| 4/5 | 日 | 春季大典 | 徐翠妤 |
| 5/10 | 日 | 母 親 節 | 吳韓衛、盧清明 |
| 7/4 \ 5 | 六、日 | 壇 辦 人 才 法 會 | 林達雄、吳振龍 |
| 8/2 | 日 | 夏季大典 | 陳秀真 |
| 8/29 \ 30 \ 31 | 六日一 | 秋季旅遊(陳、辜、郭三位點傳師帶隊) | 易榮熙主辦 |
| 10/4 | 日 | 中秋節 師尊成道暨重陽敬老 | 陳彦宏 |
| 10/25 | 日 | 聯合開班 | 張邦彦 |
| 11/1 | 日 | 秋 季 大 典 | 林貞伶 |
| 12/18 | 五 | 忠恕學院美國全真分部結班 | 陳點傳師 |

備註:長週末停課一天: 國殤日(5/24) 感恩節(11/29) 聖誕節(12/27)

The Cooking Oil (Part 2)

by Derek Lin

The disciple started on the wrong foot when he let his mind dwell on the possible gain and potential loss. This generated fear that things might go badly, and the fear in turn made him anxious and nervous. He focused so much on the bowl that he was not able to pay the appropriate attention to his surroundings. It became a chain reaction of cascading failures.

The master taught the disciple a better way. It wasn't to give up getting the oil, which was still a necessity; nor was it some esoteric technique to empty the mind of all thoughts. It was a specific technique from Tao cultivation called the ordinary mind. It is the best way to achieve objectives in accordance with the Tao, and there are three keys to it:

1. Simplicity

The first key is keeping it simple. The master told the disciple to take the same path he usually took and to look around in any direction as he normally would. For us, this means keeping everything related to an objective the same, to maintain the familiarity and comfort level. Avoid unnecessary changes - they make everything more complicated and potentially more disruptive.

The disciple treated his second trip back to the temple as nothing special, just one of many trips. We can do the same thing with any particular task. The ordinary mind excels in completing ordinary work without drama or fanfare. There are no crazy stunts or risky meneuvers – just ordinary brilliance. The last-minute home run and the sudden stroke of genius work well in movies, but in real life it is sticking to what you know that brings out your natural excellence.

2. Awareness

The second key is becoming aware of the situation in its totality. The master told the disciple to avoid staring at the bowl. Establishing and maintaining an overall awareness requires that you let go of intense focus on any one thing and widen your senses in all directions.

This is not a trance-like state. It is relaxed but alert, so that nothing escapes your notice. It is

also not a careless or sloppy frame of mind. It allows for concentration without sacrificing peripheral perception, so that you are still aware of all potential obstacles, thus making it easy to navigate around them.

3. Trust

The third key is the most crucial of all. It is about trusting yourself. The disciple did not have this trust initially. He felt as if he needed to watch over himself to make sure he did not make mistakes. This only made him stressed, apprehensive, and ultimately less effective.

The disciple's self-monitoring was not necessary. He already knew the road back to the temple quite well. Similarly, you already know the best way to accomplish your goal. You have an innate intelligence that has everything it needs to hit the ball out of the park. You only have to place your trust in it. Refrain from second-guessing yourself, and stay out of your own way.

Wonderful things happen when you are able to use the ordinary mind skillfully and consistently. The disciple was able to deliver more oil in less time and with less effort. The same will be true for you as you work in accordance with the Tao. Your can radically improve your performance, not by doing more and trying harder, but by doing less and relaxing more.

As the master told the disciple, figuring out the difference between the two would reveal the secret of living in the Tao. In this context, the oil isn't just the necessities of life. It is also the goodness and happiness that we want to maximize. Following the master's instructions means you end up with more of the oil, instead of spilling too much of it along the way.

This, then, is the secret: when we live in the Tao, it is the ordinary mind that delivers extraordinary results.

For more discussions on the Tao, please visit www.TrueTao.org!

全真道院週日班班程表

開班時間: 每週日10:30AM-12:30PM

| 日期 | 班長 | 道寄韻律 | 道化人生 | 講師 | 專題講座 | 講師 | 點傳師賜導 |
|------------|-----|------|------|-----|------|------|-------|
| 01/04/2009 | 楊阿晟 | 卓秀鳳 | 三曹普渡 | 陳秀真 | 十條大愿 | 洪麗鴻 | 郭詩永 |
| 01/11/2009 | 林貞伶 | 吳韓衛 | 三清四正 | 杜梅瑞 | 孟子 | 黄明雲 | 陳正夫 |
| 01/18/2009 | 呂柏欣 | 溫潔芳 | 心經 | 吳鑌娟 | 金剛經 | 陳淑敏 | 辜添脩 |
| 01/25/2009 | | 除夕 | 點傳師 | 到各壇 | 燒香(| 停 課) | |

全真道院經典研究英文班 (Tao Study Group 10:30AM~12:30PM) 負責人(Moderator) 林信价(Derek Lin)

全真道院青年班班程表

| 10:30 ~ 11:15 | 11:15 ~ | 12:00 | 12:00 | ~ 12:30 | 負責人(Moderator) |
|---------------|---------|-------|-------|---------|-------------------|
| 禮節 | 論 | 語 | 道 | 歌 | 陳秀真、吳振龍 |
| Etiquette | Anal | ects | Tao | Songs | Jen Koo 、Rafel Wu |

| 全真道院幼兒班班程表 | 内 容 基礎勺欠口、看圖識字、中文故事、唱遊、唐詩 | 負責人 徐翠好 |
|------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| 全真道院兒童班班程表 | 內 容 論語、成語故事、中文報紙 | 負 責 人 陳淑敏、杜梅瑞 |

全真道院辦道輪值表

| 日期 | 01/04 ~ 1/10 | 01/11 ~ 1/17 | 01/18 ~ 1/24 | 01/25 ~ 1/31 |
|-------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 輪值點傳師 | 陳正夫 | 辜添脩 | 陳正夫 | 郭詩永 |

忠恕學院洛杉磯美國全真分部中級部一年級課程表

| | 日期 | 課 | 程 | 主 講 |
|----|-----------|-----------|------|--------|
| 01 | 1/16/2009 | 開班 | | 陳正夫點傳師 |
| 01 | 1/30/2009 | 大學之道~則近道矣 | (大學) | 郭詩永點傳師 |

忠恕學院洛杉磯美國全真分部中級部二年級課程表

| 日 | 期 | 課 | 程 | 主 講 |
|---------|------|-----------|---|-----|
| 01/16/2 | 2009 | 中級部的精神與涵養 | | 辜添脩 |
| 01/30/ | 2009 | 短篇演說*心得報告 | | 辜添脩 |

全真道院午獻沓/辦道負責人員

| 日 | 期 | 01/04/2009 | 01/11/2009 | 01/18/2009 | 01/25/2009 |
|---|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 却 | 申 | 呂柏欣・張永美 | 譚覃光・余月華 | 宋麗娜・龔麗虹 | 林貞伶・劉秒蘭 |
| 戟 | É | 陳柏瑋・陳宣霖 | 游士慶・林達雄 | 陳恩弘・郭禮嘉 | 吳韓衛・史振英 |

天緣佛堂

| 3 | 01/10/2009(十二月十五) | 道寄韻律:陳靜嫻 | 道 義 | 講師:陳正夫點傳師 | 修道心得:陳佩芳 | 語譯:余月華 |
|---|-------------------|----------|-----|-----------|----------|--------|
| | 01/26/2009 (正月初一) | 道寄韻律:溫潔芳 | | 拜 | 年 | |

全真道院天廚輪值表

| 日期 | 01/04/2009 | 01/09, 11/2009 | 01/18/2009 | 01/23, 25/2009 |
|-------|------------|----------------|------------|----------------|
| 負責點傳師 | 郭詩永 | 辜添脩 | 辜添脩 | 郭詩永 |
| 組長 | 武詩竹 林貞伶 | 郭海明 吳韓衛 | 趙淑娟 張書興 | 譚覃光 陳秀珍 |

櫃檯輪值表

| 日期 | 負責人 |
|------------|-----|
| 01/04/2009 | 鄭末子 |
| 01/11/2009 | 楊阿晟 |
| 01/18/2009 | 鄭末子 |
| 01/25/2009 | 楊阿晟 |



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